

THE WEATHER.
WASHINGTON, AUG. 8.—
FORECAST FOR ALABAMA:
FAIR IN SOUTH, LOCAL
RAINS IN NORTH PORTION
SATURDAY; SHOWERS SUN-
DAY; FRESH SOUTH WINDS.

The Montgomery Advertiser.

TEMPERATURE.
(From the Weather Bureau.)
7 A. M. 75
7 P. M. 85
MAXIMUM 85
MINIMUM 71
AVERAGE FOR DAY 82

VOLUME LXXXIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1902.—EIGHT PAGES. NUMBER 184.

KINGEDWARD VII OF ENGLAND WILL ASSUME HIS CROWN TODAY

Large Crowds Throng London Streets.

THE CITY IS ILLUMINATED

Country People Held Spell-bound by Electric Display.

Monarch Reported to Be Looking Forward to the Ceremony Without the Slightest Misgiving as to His Strength to Go Through It.

London, Aug. 8.—The eve of the coronation of King Edward VII was marked in London by large crowds which wandered all the evening somewhat aimlessly through the semi-illuminated streets. Down Whitehall, where the Canadian arch was the centre of attraction, around Westminster Abbey and along the Strand the sidewalks were blocked with the expectant populace. The people were deterred from any signs of rowdiness by the acute recollection of the recent post-mortem of the coronation and those who had seen the unrestrained exhibition which occurred upon the slightest pretext during war times could not fail to notice the different temperance shown tonight. With a few exceptions, it might well have been said of the metropolis of the empire, that it was living up to the national reputation of taking its pleasures somewhat sadly.

Lights are a Feature.

The absence of blatant horns and annoying fevers was pleasantly atoned for by the lighting up of many buildings. The brilliancy of the illumination of the country visitors to the city so spell-bound that vehicular traffic became more and more difficult as the night wore on. Until a very late hour the stand speculators did a thriving business and around those stands occupied by the vendors of the "Lithuanian" and other "Lithuanian" were lines of people anxious to get seats at the last moment. Many of the thousands who walked through the streets exhibited unmistakable signs of an intention of sitting up all night in the hope of securing a front row position from which to view tomorrow's procession.

Workmen were still busy putting the finishing touches to the abbey and its approaches, and the city of this work was watched eagerly by the spectators. In an undramatic sort of way London has been transformed by the multitudes wishing to see any part of the ceremonies into a city of great unrest. The idea of sleep or an adequate allowance of time for rest has been quite given up by the people in the streets and underlying this intensity of expectation there is curious nervousness among the majority lest they should awake from the shorted slumbers to find the great event once more postponed.

Wanted to Get Clothing.

Among the many incidents of the night one of the most curious occurred at Scotland Yard where the coronation procession received a sudden telegraphic invitation to be present at Westminster Abbey with the proviso that he appear in court dress, appeared at a late hour to the police to help him hire or borrow the clothes necessary for the occasion.

All signs point to an orderly celebration under doubtful weather conditions and with public enthusiasm tempered by heartfelt relief over the passing of the shadow which so recently overcast the empire.

King Edward passed a busy day at Buckingham Palace and did not appear to the public at all. At a late hour tonight he was reported as feeling much better and as looking forward to tomorrow's ceremonies without the slightest misgiving.

Acting upon medical advice Lord Salisbury has obtained the King's permission to absent himself from the coronation. The former Premier will shortly leave for the continent. One of the most curious incidents of the coronation will be the appearance of the uniform of the Salvation Army in Westminster Abbey.

King Edward directed that the representative of the Salvation Army should be invited to the coronation and Bramwell Booth has been appointed to attend the ceremony.

Difficulty arose about the uniform he should wear and the Earl Marshall, the Duke of Norfolk, intimated he was not authorized to recognize the uniform of the Salvation Army. Mr. Booth thereupon wrote to King Edward requesting permission to wear the uniform of the Army; this his Majesty readily gave.

The Procession.

The first section of the procession to the Abbey will start from Buckingham Palace at 10:30 o'clock and will consist of a carriage carrying the King and Queen, followed by a detachment of the Royal Horse Guards and the Royal Horse Guards. Then come the carriages, occupied as follows: First the Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, the Duke of Cambridge and Prince Frederick. Second, Prince Andrew and George of Greece and Princesses Victoria and Louise of Battenberg. Third, Prince Maurice, Leopold and Alexander of Battenberg, Princess Victoria Eugenie of Battenberg and Princess Beatrice (Princess Henry of Battenberg). Fourth, the Duchess of Albany, the Duchess of Argyll and of crown Prince and crown Princess of Romania. Fifth, Princesses Louise and Augusta Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein and Prince and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein. Sixth, the Princesses Victoria Patricia and Margaret of Connaught, the Duke of Hesse. Seventh, the Duke and Duchess of Sparta and Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia.

Eight, drawn by six black horses, the crown Prince and crown Princess Charles of Denmark, Princess Victoria and the Duchess of Fife.

Prince of Wales.

After the foregoing will come the Prince of Wales procession which will start from York House at 10:45. The advance guard will consist of a detachment of the Royal Horse Guards followed by two carriages containing official members of the Prince and Princess of Wales household, the first

BRYAN NOT A CANDIDATE

Sets Rest the Current Rumors.

CONTENT TO BE EDITOR

Has Laid No Plans for Future Political Preferment.

Says Alleged Interviews With Him at Mason City is Unreliable.

Muscatine, Ia., August 8.—William J. Bryan settled for all time the rumors that he will be a candidate for President in 1904 in an interview today, while on the way to Danville, Ill. Colonel Bryan, when shown yesterday's reports that he might again be a candidate, was much nettled and expressed himself in no uncertain manner. He said he wanted the matter settled right now, so there could be no further question. The Mason City interview, he said, was unreliable.

"I will not be a candidate for President in 1904," said Mr. Bryan. "While I do not promise never to be a candidate again under any circumstances, I have no plans looking to the future nomination for any office. I am perfectly content to do my work as a private citizen and enjoy my editorial work. I shall continue to advocate with tongue and pen reforms which I believe to be necessary."

Improvement in Iowa.

Talking of the Republican platform of Iowa, Mr. Bryan said:

"I am glad to notice an improvement in Iowa politics. By the action of the recent State Republican Convention I am glad to note that they realize and recognize that behind the tariff lurks the great monopolies and trusts of this country. Nine years ago I introduced a bill into Congress exactly along this same line taking the tariff off trust-made goods and although the endorsement comes a little late, I am glad to note that even after nine years the Republicans of Iowa have come to my way of thinking. But the action of the Republican Party in Iowa will be of little effect in national politics for the simple reason that those who control the legislation are those who favor and operate the gigantic trusts and monopolies of the country. People who furnish campaign funds for the Republican Party are the ones who name your Attorney General and those having authority. They do not want your money out here, they want your votes. So I say that the plank in the Republican platform is merely educational, that's all."

ELEVEN BODIES FOUND.

At Least Thirteen Men Were in the Bowen Mine.

Trinidad, Colo., Aug. 8.—The rescue party at the Bowen mine, where the explosion occurred last evening, was today able to suspend work early today owing to fire-damp. At that time the bodies of eleven dead had been recovered. There were at least thirteen men in the mine at the time of the explosion, and all undoubtedly were killed.

The known dead are: Michael Cassidy, James Hunter, Frank Groat, Jose Sanchez, W. E. Elliot, Philip F. F. M. P. Jensen, H. Crech, J. Keenly, Oscar B. J. Gordon, colored; Arthur Myers, Tillie Winfield, colored.

No gas has ever been discovered in the mine, and the opinion of the officers that the accident was caused by a premature shot. The powder house at the mouth of the mine contained about 1,000 pounds of blasting powder, and exploded the shock from the mine, and great damage was done to the mouth of the mine.

The town of Bowen, situated about a quarter of a mile below the mine, was shaken, and a number of windows broken. Immediately after the explosion almost the entire population of the town rushed to the mouth of the mine, and the scenes there were heart-rending. The mine is almost a total wreck so far as can be determined.

The explosion occurred about 1,000 feet from the surface. The mine was quickly filled with gas and smoke and those who escaped instant death undoubtedly were suffocated.

Mike Cassidy was blown to atoms. His head was picked up nearly 100 feet from where the body was found, and his legs are still missing. The body of James Hunter was terribly mangled.

QUICK AID NEEDED.

Cuba is in Want of Immediate Help.

New York, Aug. 8.—The Cuban-American League has issued a statement concerning the Cuban loan, which states that if the plan for the loan is to be aided, the Cuban soldiers paid and the Cuban bonds honored, the help must come immediately in order that Cuba may command future credit. The amount of loan required, \$20,000,000, it is said, was not too large. Before the war, Spain sold bonds based on her Cuban revenues for \$60,000,000, of which liability the United States relieved Cuba.

The league suggests that Cuba authorize her banks to circulate a national currency based upon their holdings of Cuban national bonds, which holdings the United States should guarantee. The bonds should be issued so that if Cuba ever became part of this country, they would become solely a United States debt.

Gaynor and Greene Again Remanded.

Quebec, Aug. 8.—Messrs. Gaynor and Greene appeared before Judge Caron in the superior court today, and were again remanded. Judge Caron informed counsel that on Wednesday next at 10 a. m. he would render judgment on the motions of the United States Government to dismiss the writs of habeas corpus. Should the writs be dismissed the case against the prisoners for extradition will be heard on their merits.

Splendid Record of the Arkansas.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The Navy Department is very much gratified over the result of the official trial of the monitor Arkansas which was put through her

D. F. ROBINSON SHOT TO DEATH

Henderson Graff is Dangerously Wounded.

OCCURRED THIS MORNING

Trouble at a House on Union Street.

Each of the Participants Shot in the Stomach—Inquest May Be Held by Coroner Today.

As the result of a personal encounter at 3:15 o'clock this morning in a house kept by Emma Thompson on Union Street, Dr. Daniel F. Robinson, a well known young dentist of Montgomery, is dead and Henderson Graff, an equally well known young man, is dangerously wounded.

Dr. Robinson was shot twice in the stomach by young Graff and died later while lying on the floor of Fowler's drug store on Dexter Avenue where he had been hastily carried in a street hack.

Graff received a pistol wound in the stomach just above and to the right of the navel. His wound may prove fatal.

It was about 3:30 o'clock when Dr. Robinson was brought to Fowler's drug store in a hack driven by William Iverson, a negro. The wounded man was accompanied by Alma Benson, who resides at the corner of Dexter Avenue and Lawrence Street. The woman was greatly excited and was calling wildly for a physician. She was carried to police headquarters and detained as a witness.

Dr. Robinson was removed from the carriage and carried into the drug store. From the nature of his wound it was easily discernible that his condition was desperate. Hasty attempts were made to secure a surgeon, but before one arrived the wounded man had expired.

The wound that produced death was in the stomach, and the powder-burned clothing showed that the weapon had been held close to the body when discharged. No blood exuded, and it is supposed that the wound bled internally. Death came at 3:55 o'clock.

Coroner's office was notified of the affair, and upon his order the body was removed to an undertaking establishment. The Coroner said it was probable that an inquest would be held this morning.

Before Dr. Robinson died Police Captain Taylor had reached the drug store. The Benson woman was closely questioned but she was hysterical and could not give a coherent account of the shooting. The negro hack driver said Dr. Robinson was shot in a house on Union Street and that a second man had been shot in the house.

After sending the Benson woman to police headquarters in charge of a patrolman Police Captain Taylor, with several police officers, hurried to the Union Street house.

Alma Benson said she went to the house of Emma Thompson with Dr. Robinson in a hack. Dr. Robinson, she said, went into the house and she remained on the sidewalk or in the hack. When Dr. Robinson entered the house she said the shooting began and Dr. Robinson staggered out and upon the sidewalk calling to her that he was shot. With the assistance of the negro hackman she said she got the wounded man into the hack and instructed the negro to drive as fast as he could to Fowler's drug store.

The Benson woman wildly protesting that she did not have anything to do with the shooting, was locked in a cell.

Meanwhile Police Captain Taylor and his men had reached the house on Union Street. There they found Henderson Graff, a young man who is a clerk for C. Y. Bogacki on Commerce Street. Graff had a pistol wound in his stomach and was suffering intense pain. He said he was in a room of the house when Dr. Robinson came there. Graff said Dr. Robinson violently entered the room and a fight ensued. He declared that Dr. Robinson shot him in the stomach. Then, he said, he wrenched the pistol from the hands of Dr. Robinson and shot him twice.

The men were close together when the pistol was fired, and the clothing about the wounds of each of them was burned and powder stained.

Graff was able to walk to a luggy and rode to police headquarters with Captain Taylor.

As soon as he reached police headquarters he requested that his family at 340 Adams Street be notified of his predicament. He walked up the stairway leading to the office of the desk sergeant but declared he would certainly die.

Dr. T. Chilton Thoroughgood, City Physician, was called and examined the wound of Graff, but gave no opinion of its extent.

Emma Thompson and other women at the Union Street house were held by Police Captain Taylor for examination.

Dr. Robinson was well known in Montgomery and stood high in his profession. His office was at 21 1-2 Dexter Avenue and he resided at 67 South Lawrence Street.

Death of Mr. Rush Elmore.

Mr. Rush Elmore, a well known citizen of Montgomery, died at an infirmary in this city at four o'clock this morning. Mr. Elmore was a member of a distinguished Alabama family, and had many friends. He was 58 years of age.

Lamp Causes Destruction.

New York, Aug. 8.—An overturned lamp in the engine room of the ferryboat New

MALTREATED BY UNIONISTS

Miner's Wife Stoned and Shot At.

TROOPS SENT TO RESCUE

Stones are Thrown at the Cavalrymen.

Capouse Washery Destroyed by Fire Which the Operators Intimate, was of Incendiary Origin.

Shenandoah, Aug. 8.—A platoon of the Governor's troop of cavalry went to Turkey Run Hill today on an errand of mercy and rescued a small family from the violence of the neighbors.

There had been petty acts of violence reported from the territory nearly every day for a week. Today General Goblin received a pathetic letter from the wife of a non-union worker, who is employed in the Gilbert colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, in which she told of the treatment accorded by strikers in that vicinity. Among other things, she said rocks had been thrown through the windows at night, one of them nearly striking her sleeping child; the house was damaged and while she was outdoors one night a shot was fired at her. She also said crowds gathered around the house, hooded and armed, and the child and hung crapes on the door.

Her husband, she said, was compelled to stay in the mines in order to earn money to keep them from starving, and as he could not leave his work, she asked the commanding officer of the troops here to protect her.

Cavalry Called Out.

Turkey Run Hill has no police protection and General Goblin decided to help the woman. He learned that she was not in the best of health, and it was decided that she had better be taken from place to the Pottsville hospital. To carry this out, the General ordered a platoon of cavalry to make a demonstration that section, and while there to escort the woman and child to the railroad station. This was done. The troops rode over the territory where the rioting was reported, which is made up of many foreigners, was not in the best frame of mind.

The soldiers were hooded and jeered and called uncouth names. Only stones were thrown at the horsemen and this was done only in a crowd on a high ridge out of reach of the soldiers. The cavalrymen stopped their horses and the crowd of rioters gathered about the platoon. The fact that the soldiers were yesterday held responsible for the death of Joseph Beddall in the riots of last week, were today committed without bail to the county jail at Pottsville. Another Lithuanian charged with rioting was released on \$2,000 bail. It is understood that a large number of other arrests will be made.

WASHERY IS BURNED.

Mine Officials Intimate That the Fire Was Incendiary.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 8.—The Capouse washery of the Scranton Coal Company was destroyed today by a fire of unexplainable origin. The flames were discovered a few minutes after the force of men returned from dinner.

The company officials allege that the place was set afire during the noon hour when the workmen were away at dinner and when only one man was about the plant. The fact that a washery fire was unknown until the Bellevue washery burned a week ago tends to lend color to the suspicion that the flames were not of an accidental origin. The washery was built two years ago and is the largest in this region.

The plant was completely destroyed, entailing a loss of \$5,000. Because of the fact that a washery is for the most part unattended, the company officials are of the opinion that the company does not have them insured.

The Dodge colliery of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company, located at the southern boundary of the city, resumed work today with 300 men.

TENNESSEE MINERS.

They Adopt Resolutions in Regard to Recent Explosions.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 8.—The feature of today's convention of the United Mine Workers of America, No. 12, was the adoption of resolutions bearing upon the explosions which have occurred in Tennessee mines in the last sixteen months causing the death of 300 men.

The resolutions charge that mine catastrophes are usually due to inefficient mine management, knowing, wilful and malicious violation of mining laws and the placing of cheap and inefficient men in charge of mines. The mine workers demand laws making it compulsory for all mine foremen and fire bosses to pass rigid examinations. They also want fire bosses employed in all mines whether gaseous or not. They further demand that the State Mine Inspectors be appointed by the State and that the State Inspectors be given the right of appointment instead of his office being purely a political one.

William Sells for Sweden.

Reval, Aug. 8.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern with Emperor William on board, sailed for Wisby, Sweden, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. During their stay here, the Emperor and Empress were constantly together and their intercourse throughout was of the most cordial character. Count von Buelow and Count Lamsdorff also were in prolonged conferences. Before his departure, the German Emperor conferred the Red Eagle on a number of Russian officials and naval officers. The Emperor presented his portrait to Count von Buelow and conferred the Alexander Nevsky order on Count von Alvensleben, the German Ambassador to Russia.

Against the Treaty.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 8.—T. W. Hunter, representing the anti-treaty faction of the Choctaw nation, has been elected chief, defeating Green McCurtain by a substantial majority.

HOUSE OF LORDS ADJOURNS.

Developments in the Shipping Industry Under Discussion.

London House of Lords adjourned today to October 15.

In response to inquiries just prior to the adjournment, as to whether the government was taking steps looking to the establishment of a British Atlantic steamship, after the absorption of British lines by the American combination, Lord Onslow, under colonial secretary, said the question of a new Canadian service had nothing to do with the American combine. Certain proposals had been submitted to the Canadian Government, but the latter had not informed his majesty's government of their purport or asked assistance.

GENERAL LUCAS MEYER DEAD.

Commander of Free State Troops Expires of Heart Disease.

Brussels, Aug. 8.—The Petit Bleu announces the sudden death of General Luc Meyer of heart disease.

General Meyer was attacked several times with this illness during the war in South Africa.

General Meyer was commander of the Orange Free State forces in the Boer war. After the conclusion of peace he left South Africa for London where he was entertained by his wife, left London a few days ago for Dresden. This step was taken upon the advice of his physician. On his way to Germany he stopped in Holland to see former President Kruger of the Transvaal.

Three Forest Fires Burning.

Battle Lake, Wyo., Aug. 8.—Three immense forest fires are burning here, within a few miles of this town. Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of valuable timber has been destroyed and until the flames are checked by rains the loss will reach into the millions. The origin of the fire is believed to be by sheep herders and camp fires.

Bishop Kelley in Rome.

Rome, Aug. 8.—The Rt. Rev. Benjamin J. Bishop of Savannah, arrived here today.

WHEELER AND ROBERTS

TWO WARRIORS SIT AT MEAL IN LONDON.

First Banquet of New Anglo-American Pilgrims' Club—English Commander-in-Chief Desires to Visit America.

London, Aug. 8.—Earl Roberts, commander-in-chief of the forces, and Gen. Joseph Wheeler of the United States, sat together tonight at the first banquet of the new Anglo-American Pilgrims' Club, which was given at the Carlton Hotel.

Lord Kinnaird presided at the banquet, and the guests included Joseph H. Choate, United States Ambassador; Lord Kelvin, Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford; C. J. Evans, Consul-General of the United States; former Attorney General John W. Griggs; General J. H. Wilson, U. S. A.; and Josiah Quincy.

After toasts had been drunk to King Edward and President Roosevelt, General Wheeler, in a eulogistic speech, proposed Earl Roberts as honorary president of the club.

Earl Roberts, replying to the American General, said he hoped some day his responsibilities, which appeared to increase with the advance of years, would permit him to visit the United States, which country, of all others, he most desired to see.

"We welcome you," said Earl Roberts, "as brothers of the same stock who share all the proud traditions of the Anglo-Saxon race."

Rear Admiral Lord Beresford, Mr. Griggs and other also spoke.

Sir Edward Clark referred to his son, who proposed to visit the United States, four hours after the outbreak of the war, would have to declare whether he was a polygamist or had ever been in jail before he could enter the country.

BELIEVED TO BE HYATT.

Thought That He Held Up Burlington Train.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Gus Hyatt, who escaped with fifteen of the other convicts from the Nashville penitentiary last Monday night, is now sought as the leader of the train robbers who held up the Burlington express at Savanna, Ill., twenty-four hours after the outbreak of the war.

At St. Paul, Minn., five men who are suspected of complicity in the robbery are under arrest. They were taken in a body as they alighted from a Great West train. They gave their names as George McKinnon, H. D. Colman, Henry Lee, F. D. Patchien and William Dunn. Steps have been taken to ascertain whether these men or any of them can be identified as escapes from the Tennessee penitentiary.

DECOMPOSED BODY FOUND.

Foul Play Suspected Because of Weights Around Neck.

New York, Aug. 8.—A badly decomposed body was found in Mamaroneck Bay, Long Island Sound. It was that of a young man, well dressed. Around the neck was strappd a small valve filled with machinist's tools. A ticket dated July 31, for one of the Fall River liners, was found in the clothing, but all other means of identification failed, owing to the condition of the body.

The coroner expressed the belief that the man jumped overboard from a steamer, but it was quite evident he was not a machinist. Therefore, the presence of the tools was unexplained and many persons who saw the body are inclined to the murder theory.

English Appointments.

London, Aug. 8.—It is officially announced that King Edward has approved the appointment of the Earl of Dudley as Home Secretary; Austen Chamberlain as Postmaster General and Sir William Hood Walrand as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.